

Quiz Questions MAA Ijtema Sverige:

**Important!** Dianat can also be asked questions from Sadaqat section and Shujaat can be asked questions from Dianat and Sadaqat sections.

**Important! Do not use this as your primary study material. Study the Nisab fully according to your age group!**

**Quiz Pattern:**

Round 1 - Questions from the provided material will be asked

- a. Anyone from the team can answer the question
- b. 1 point for each correct answer will be given
- c. Teams with lowest points will be eliminated at the end of the round
- d. Judges will choose the teams to be eliminated, if more than one teams has significantly low points

Round 2 - Word by word translation of namaz will be asked

- a. Anyone from the team can answer the question
- b. 1 point for each correct answer will be given
- c. At the end of round 2, winner can be decided on the basis of the highest points including both rounds
- d. If there are more than one teams having the highest points then there will be a tie breaker round

Tie-Breaker 1 - Questions from the provided material will be asked

- a. A single member among the teams will be selected according to the sitting sequence (either from right or left) each time before asking a question.
- b. Only a selected member of the team can answer the question
- c. The judges will have a right to eliminate the team if any non-selected member
  - i. Try to answer the question
  - ii. Give a hint to the selected member
  - iii. Speak a word during the time when the question is asked
- d. Teams will be eliminated on a single wrong answer
  - i. Unless all teams give wrong answer
  - ii. In this case, the round will be repeated with no team eliminated
- e. This round will be repeated until
  - i. A single team left with the highest points
    1. The team with highest points will be declared the winner
  - ii. There are still questions available from the provided material
    1. If no further questions available, Tie-Breaker 2 will be conducted

Tie-Breaker 2 - Questions will be asked from the whole Waqf-e-Nau syllabus

- a. Rules will be the same as Tie-Breaker 1

**Sadaqat 7-9**

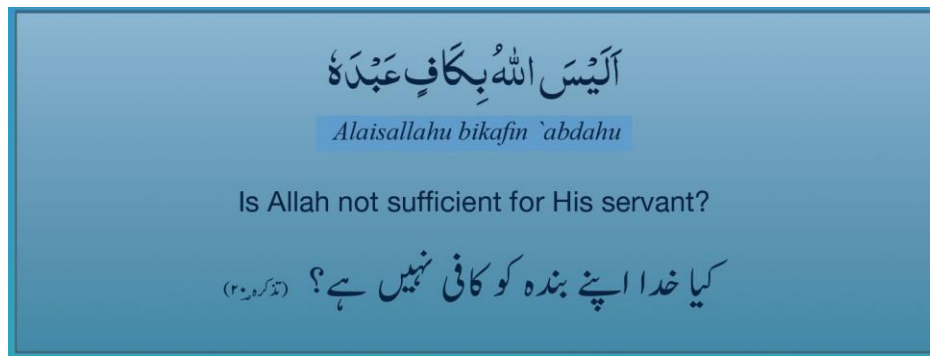
1. Are you allowed to run inside the mosque if you are late to join namaz?  
A: no it is not, one should always join prayer with grace
2. Why do we visit the washroom before we pray namaz?  
A: so that we can attentively pray without distraction
3. True or false: when performing congregational prayer you have to fill in the empty spaces in the front first.  
A: true
4. How should one enter the mosque?

- A: One should enter the mosque with his right foot and recite the prayer to enter the mosque.
5. True or false: it is okay to walk in front of a person performing prayer  
A: False
6. What is the proper way to exit the mosque?  
A: When leaving the mosque, say Assalamu Alaikum. Put the right shoe on before the left shoe. Step out of the mosque with the left foot first
7. With which hand are we supposed to eat food?  
A: Right hand
8. What are the 2 things we should always do before having a meal?  
A: First wash our hands then recite the prayer
9. True or False: One should over fill the plate so that they do not have to refill it later  
A: This is false. We should take smaller portions, one can always take more again. This is to prevent food from being leftover
10. What should you do if you forget to recite the prayer before starting a meal?  
A: بِسْمِ اللَّهِ أَوَّلَهُ، وَآخِرَهُ
11. True or false: When you are invited to someone to eat you can bring uninvited guests.  
A: This is false
12. What are the etiquettes for eating with elders?  
A: wait to serve yourself after they have been served. Once you have finished, wait for them at the table before getting up. If you need to leave, excuse yourself before leaving the table
13. Name 3 names of Allah.  
A: Al-Rahman, Al-Raheem, Rabul Alameen, Maliki yaum id-din
14. True or false: When someone else is speaking during a meeting one should remain quiet.  
A: True
15. Name 5 of the 6 phrases that should be used in every muslim household?  
A: Assalamu Alaikum, Jazakumullah, MashAllah, Bismillah, Al-hamdulillah, Insha Allah, Sal-lallahu alaihi wa sallam, any combination from these 6 phrases is correct.
16. Give the translations of 5 chosen phrases from question 15?

السلام عليكم	<i>Assalamu Alaikum</i>	Peace be on you
جزاكم الله	<i>Jazakumullah</i>	May Allah reward you
ما شاء الله	<i>MashAllah</i>	That which Allah wills
بسم الله	<i>Bismillah</i>	In the name of Allah
الحمد لله	<i>Al-hamdulillah</i>	All praise belongs to Allah
انشاء الله	<i>Insha Allah</i>	God willing
صلى الله عليه وسلم	<i>Sal-lallahu alaihi wa sallam</i>	May peace and blessings of Allah be on him

A.

17. What is the best time to recite the Quran?  
A: During the mornings after Fajr prayer
18. What is a good sleeping habit?  
A: Going to bed early and rising up early
19. Name 3 attributes of Allah?  
A: Many options, for example Al-Azeem, As-Salaam, Ar-Razzaq.
20. What is to be recited when going up a slope?  
A: Allahu Akbar
21. What should one recite when going downhill?  
A: SubhanAllah
22. True or false: While on a journey you are allowed to qasr/ shorten your prayer.  
A: True
23. What is the proper way to perform Tayyamum?  
A: According to a narration of Bukhari, the Holy Prophet ﷺ taught the correct way of performing Tayammum as: The Holy Prophet ﷺ stroked lightly the earth with his hands and then blew off the dust and passed his hands over his face and hands
24. When should one recite the prayers for having a meal?  
A: Before starting a meal and when ending a meal
25. When eating food what is the proper etiquette regarding eating?  
A: One should try to refrain from speaking while eating, however if it is necessary one should speak when his mouth is not full
26. Do you remember any one of the Promised Messiah's revelations?



27. What is the prayer recited after ablution?

A: "اللّٰهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي مِنَ التَّوَّابِينَ وَاجْعَلْنِي مِنَ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ".

Allaahummaj'alnee minat-tawwaabeena waj'alnee minal-mutatahhireen

O Allah, make me among those who turn to You in repentance and make me among those who are purified

28. How should one express thankfulness when receiving something?

A. By saying Jazakumullah

## Dianat 10-12

(All of the above questions are included in this age group)

1. Name 5 fundamental moral qualities?
  - a. Truthfulness
  - b. Clean and decent language
  - c. Tolerance and forbearance
  - d. Feeling the pain of others
  - e. High resolve and determination
2. What is the meaning of Hadi?
  - a. The guide, it is an attribute of Allah
3. What is the meaning of Al-Waasi?
  - a. The Vast, the All encompassing, it is an attribute of Allah
4. What is the meaning of Al-Ghaniyy?
  - a. The Independent, it is an attribute of Allah
5. What is the meaning of Al Haqq?
  - a. The Real, it is an attribute of Allah
6. What is the meaning of Sub'haan?
  - a. Pure, it is an attribute of Allah
7. What is the prayer for increasing knowledge?
  - a. رَبِّ زِدْنِي عِلْمًا

8. Can you share the Hadees about protecting your property?

جو اپنے مال کی حفاظت کرتا ہوا مارا جائے وہ شہید ہے۔  
One who dies protecting his property is  
a martyr (Shaheed).

مَنْ قُتِلَ دُونَ مَالِهِ فَهُوَ شَهِيدٌ

*Man qutla duna malihi fahuwa shahid*

9. Can you share the Hadees about learning from others?

خوش قسمت وہی ہے جو دوسروں سے نصیحت حاصل کرے۔

A pious person learns from others  
(Other's mistakes).

السَّعِيدُ مَنْ وَعَظَ بِغَيْرِهِ

*As saeedu mawwu iza bighairih*

10. Name 6 attributes of Allah and their translation

<i>Ash-Shafee</i>	The Healer	شفا دینے والا
<i>At-Tawwaab</i>	The Ever Returning	توبہ قبول کرنے والا
<i>Al-Hakeem</i>	The Wise	حکمت والا
<i>As-Salaam</i>	The Peace and Blessing	سلامتی والا
<i>Al-Mu'min</i>	The Granter of Security	امن دینے والا
<i>Al-Muhaimin</i>	The Guardian	پناہ دینے والا
<i>Ar-Razzaaq</i>	The Ever Providing	رزق دینے والا
<i>Al-Azeem</i>	The Magnificent	عظمت والا

a. Other attributes named previously can also be used

11. Who is the chief of the people according to Hadith?

a. The one who serves them

12. One who is not thankful to Allah is not thankful to people. True or False?

a. False

13. The one who deceives us is from us. True or False?

a. False

14. The promise of a believer is as firm as a thing in hand. True or False?

a. True

الدَّالُّ عَلَى الْخَيْرِ كَفَاعِلِهِ

15. What does it mean by *Ad dalu alal khairi kafailihi* ?

نیکی کی طرف بلانے والا نیکی کرنے والے کی طرح ہوتا ہے۔

One who urges others to do good,  
gets the reward like a doer.

a.

16. The lower hand is better than an upper hand. True or False?

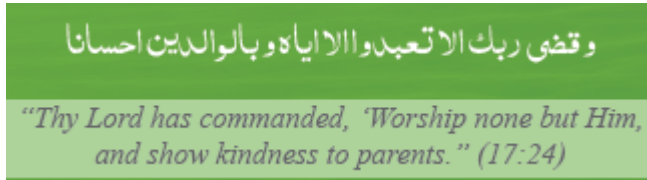
a. False

(Hint: These types of true and false can be modified to see if a child has memorized the answer or he knows the concept)

### Shujaat 13-15

(All of the above questions are included in this age group)

1. Name the 5 pillars of Islam(correct order alone will be accepted as correct answer)
  - a. Tauheed, Salat (Namaz), Saum(fasting), Zakat and Hajj
2. What Hadees refers to the importance of obedience to our parents?
  - a. Paradise lies under the feet of the mother
3. Can you explain the following verse? (17:24)



- a. (exact answer is not necessary)This verse means – O mankind! God has ordained for you to worship Him alone and you should be very kind to your parents. If both of them or either one of them reaches old age in your lifetime, never say to them that they are a burden. Never be rude to them; instead be respectful to them. Extend your uttermost obedience to them and love them from the bottom of your heart. Always continue to pray to Allah that ‘Oh my Lord, have mercy on them since they raised me with kindness in my childhood’
4. Service of parents and obedience to them is a duty of every child, what should children also consider their obligation in regard to there parent?
  - a. To routinely pray for their parents with love and affection
5. True or False: Prayers made by parents for their children find special acceptance with Allah.
  - a. True
6. What is the best way for children to collect as many prayers from their parents as possible?
  - a. To obey them
  - b. Serve them and
  - c. Love them
7. Meaning of the following attributes of Allah(other can be used from Waqf-e-Nau Nisab): from urdu/svenska to arabic or from arabic to urdu/svenska
  - Al-Khaaliq      The creator
  - Al-Bari        The Rightful
  - Al-Musawir    The fashioner of Forms
  - Al-Qah'haar    The All Compelling Subduer
  - Al-Wahhab     The Bestower
  - Al-Qabiz       The Restrainer, The Straightener
  - Al Rafi         The Exalter
8. What does Islam forbid in relation to our neighbours?
  - a. To be a source of annoyance or trouble for our neighbours
9. How does Islam teach us to interact with our Neighbours?
  - a. To be kind and compassionate
10. What has the Holy Prophet ﷺ said in relation to our Neighbours?
  - a. The Holy Prophet ﷺ said: “He shall not enter paradise whose neighbour did not feel safe from his mischief”
11. What type of relationship should be established with a neighbour?



- a. A mutual bond of love and affection.
12. How can the above mentioned bond be established? Name 2 things mentioned in the Nisab.
- By sharing food when there has been cooked something special at home or by exchanging gifts,
  - By being caring and helpful,
  - By looking after a sick neighbour, participating in happy occasions of a neighbour etc.
- (see Nisab)
13. Name 14 Attributes of Allah (Any)

الْحَيُّ	<i>Al-Hayy</i>	The Ever Living	زنده
الْقَيُّومُ	<i>Al-Qayyum</i>	The Self Subsisting Sustainer of All	سب کا تھانے والا
الْمَجِيدُ	<i>Al-Majid</i>	The Illustrious, The Magnificent	عزت والا
الْوَاحِدُ	<i>Al-Wahid</i>	The One, The Unique	یکتا
الْقَدِيمُ	<i>As-Samad</i>	The Everlasting	بے احتیاج
الْقَادِرُ	<i>Al-Qadir</i>	The All Able	قدرت والا
الْمُقْتَدِرُ	<i>Al-Muqtadir</i>	The Dominant	سب پر قدرت رکھنے والا
الْمُقَدِّمُ	<i>Al-Muqaddim</i>	The Expediter, He Who Brings Forward	آگے کرنے والا
الْمُؤَخِّرُ	<i>Al-Mu'akhkhir</i>	The Delayer, He Who Puts Far Away	پچھے کرنے والا
الْأَوَّلُ	<i>Al-Awwal</i>	The First	سب سے پہلے
الْآخِرُ	<i>Al-Akhir</i>	The Last	سب سے پچھے
الظَّاهِرُ	<i>Az-Zahir</i>	The Manifest, The All Victorious	ظاہر
الْبَاطِنُ	<i>Al-Batin</i>	The Hidden, The All Encompassing	نہاں
الْوَالِي	<i>Al-Wali</i>	The Patron	مالک

14. Name any 10 of the names of the prophets mentioned in the Holy Quran

- Learn the names of the prophets of Allah mentioned in the Holy Quran.

قرآن کریم میں مذکور انبیاء کے نام

حضرت اسحاقؑ	حضرت اسماعیلؑ	حضرت ابراہیمؑ	حضرت نوحؑ	حضرت آدمؑ
Isaac	Ishmael	Abraham	Noah	Adam
حضرت ہارونؑ	حضرت موسیٰؑ	حضرت یوسفؑ	حضرت یعقوبؑ	حضرت لوطؑ
Aaron	Moses	Joseph	Jacob	Lot
حضرت یونسؑ	حضرت الیاسؑ	حضرت ایوبؑ	حضرت سلیمانؑ	حضرت داؤدؑ
Jonah	Elijah	Job	Solomon	David
حضرت صالحؑ	حضرت شعیبؑ	حضرت ادريسؑ	حضرت الیسعؑ	حضرت عزیرؑ
Salah	Jethro	Enoch	Elisha	Ezra
حضرت محمد ﷺ	حضرت عیسیٰؑ	حضرت زکریاؑ	حضرت ہودؑ	
Muhammad <sup>sa</sup>	Jesus	Zechariah	Eber	

15. Name the 6 most reliable books of Ahadith?

- Sahih Bukhari
- Sahih Muslim
- Jaame Tirmidi
- Ibn-e-Majah
- Sanan Nisai
- Sunan Abu Dawood

16. Mention 5 revelations of the Promised Messiah as. (Any)



يَا تَتُونَ مِنْ كُلِّ فَجٍّ عَمِيقٍ

Ya 'tuna min kulli fajjin `amiq

تیرے پاس لوگ ہر ایک گہرے راستے سے آئیں گے۔

People will flock to you from every trodden path.

إِنِّي أَحَافِظُ كُلَّ مَنْ فِي الدَّارِ

Inni uhafizu kulla man fi-ddar

میں ہر ایک کی جو تیرے «دار» میں ہے حفاظت کرنے والا ہوں۔

I will protect whosoever is in your house (Jama'at).

آسمان سے دودھ اتر محفوظ رکھو۔

Milk has flowed down from the heavens, save it.

قادر ہے وہ بارگہ ٹوٹا کام بنا دے

بنا بنایا توڑ دے کوئی اس کا بھید نہ پاوے

Our Lord is the Mighty One who can fix that which is broken. He can frustrate elaborate plans, none can encompass his wisdom.

مکن تکیہ بر عمرنا پاسیدار

Do not place your trust in mortal life.

a.

17. What does Allah say regarding how we should hold a conversation?

وقولوا للناس حسنا

a. 'And speak to men kindly'(2:84).

i. Hint: Answering like "to speak kindly" will be accepted as a correct answer

18. True or false: The Holy Prophet ﷺ has likened the status of one who seeks knowledge to those who do jihad.

a. True

19. What has the Holy Prophet ﷺ said when it comes to the effort put into seeking knowledge?

a. The Holy Prophet ﷺ said to seek knowledge even if you need to go to China(a place that is far away) for its attainment

20. What has the Holy Prophet ﷺ said about seeking knowledge during ones lifetime?

a. The Holy Prophet ﷺ said: "Seek knowledge, from cradle till grave"